



BCC:ISD:116:16:388 08.11.2024

The Vice-President, B S E Ltd., Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers Dalal Street Mumbai – 400 001 BSE CODE-532134 The Vice-President, National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E) Mumbai – 400 051 CODE-BANKBARODA

Dear Sir / Madam,

Re: Bank of Baroda - Credit Rating - Disclosure under Regulation 30 of SEBI (LODR), 2015.

We advise that India Ratings has released rating on Bank's Basel III Tier 2 Bonds as "IND AAA / Stable" and affirms all existing ratings. Please find enclosed press release published by India Ratings in this regard.

We request you to take note of the above pursuant to Regulation 30 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and upload the information on your website.

Yours faithfully,

P K Agarwal Company Secretary



India Ratings Assigns Bank of Baroda's Basel III Tier 2 Bonds 'IND AAA'/Stable; Affirms Existing Ratings

Nov 08, 2024 | Public Sector Bank

India Ratings and Research (Ind-Ra) has taken the following rating actions on Bank of Baroda (BOB) and its debt instruments:

Details of Instruments

Instrument Type	ISIN	Date of Issuance	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Size of Issue (billion)	Rating assigned along with Outlook/Watch	Rating Action
Long-Term Issuer Rating	-	-	-	-	-	IND AAA/Stable	Affirmed
Certificate of deposits (CDs)	1	1	-	1-365 days	INR600	IND A1+	Affirmed
Basel III Tier 2 bond#	-	-	-	-	INR85.43	IND AAA/Stable	Affirmed
Basel III Tier 2 bond#	-	-	-	-	INR35.00	IND AAA/Stable	Assigned
Basel III additional tier- 1(AT1) bonds#	-	-	-	-	INR110	IND AA+/Stable	Affirmed
Infrastructure and Affordable Housing Bonds#	-	-	-	-	INR210	IND AAA/Stable	Affirmed
Fixed deposit	-	-	-	-	-	IND AAA/Stable	Affirmed

#Details in Annexure

Analytical Approach

Ind-Ra continues to take fully consolidate BOB's <u>subsidiaries</u> while arriving at the ratings, because of a similar nature of operations.

Detailed Rationale of the Rating Action

The ratings continue to reflect BOB's high-systemic importance to the government of India (GoI; 63.97% stake as of September 2024), and hence, a high probability of support from the GoI, if required. The ratings also reflect BOB's large franchise with a pan-India and relatively large international presence, strong capitalisation, and superior liquidity and asset quality metrics, which are better than comparable public sector banks (PSBs).

For AT1 instruments, the agency considers the discretionary component, coupon omission risk and the write-down/conversion risk as key parameters to arrive at the rating. The agency recognises the unique going-concern loss

absorption features that these bonds carry and differentiates them from the bank's senior debt, factoring in a higher probability of an ultimate loss for investors in these bonds.

List of Key Rating Drivers

Strengths

- High Systemic Importance Large Pan-India Franchise
- Strong capital buffers well placed to support near-term credit growth plans
- High provision coverage ratio (PCR) provides comfort
- · Stability in operational metrics key monitorable

Weaknesses

Decline in low-cost liability franchise at higher end of peer group

Detailed Description of Key Rating Drivers

High Systemic Importance - Large Pan-India Franchise: BOB's systemic importance is reflected by its total deposit and net advances market share of about 6.4% and 6.5% at FYE24, respectively, (FYE23: 6.7% and 6.9%; FY22: 6.5% and 6.7%), making it the third-largest public sector bank (PSB) in terms of deposit and the second largest PSB in terms of net advances. The bank also had a network of about 8,243 branches, 11,033 ATMs and cash recyclers, and a large customer base of about 173 million at FYE24. BOB continues to hold a high systemic importance for the GoI, resulting in a high probability of ordinary and extraordinary support from the GoI, if required.

Strong Capital Buffers Well Placed to Support Near-term Credit Growth Plans: BOB is among the better-capitalised PSBs, with a common equity tier-I (CET-I) ratio of 12.67% in 2QFY25 (FY24: 12.54%, FY23: 12.24%,), tier-1 of 14.18% (14.07%,13.99%) and a total capital adequacy ratio of 16.26% (16.31%, 16.24%). The agency believes BOB's current capital buffers, along with its operating profits, the run-rate for which has also improved over the past few quarters, and the ability to raise funds from the equity markets, provide it the adequate leeway to target a credit growth rate of 11%-12% yoy in FY25 and absorb higher-than-expected credit costs.

High PCR Provides Comfort: BOB maintained a PCR of 76.3% in 2QFY25 (FY24: 77.3%; FY23: 77.2%), at the higher end of the PSB peer group (excluding technical write-offs). BOB also carried 100% PCR against its exposures to the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT)-1 and -2 lists, respectively, and 99% against the overall NCLT exposure at end-2QFY25. Its gross non-performing assets (NPAs) and net NPAs stood at 2.50% and 0.60%, respectively, at end-2QFY25 (FY24: 2.92% and 0.68%, FY23: 3.79% and 0.89%, respectively). The management has guided credit costs of around 0.75% in FY25, higher than 0.61% reported in FY24. The management has further guided that in case of the credit costs trending lower than the management's expectations, the bank is likely to create floating provisions, which are likely to be utilised when the movement to the expected credit loss model comes into play, subject to regulatory approvals. With this, the return on assets is likely to be maintained at around 1.1% in FY25 (1HFY25: 1.2%), slightly lower than return of assets of 1.17% in FY24 (FY23: 1.03%, FY22: 0.60%). The agency believes while the quantum of special mention accounts (SMA; SMA1 and SMA2; outstanding of INR50 million and higher) remains subdued, slippages from the COVID-19 restructuring pool and micro, small and medium enterprises are likely to result in continuing slippages.

The incremental addition to the portfolio continues to be in better-rated categories with the share of standard domestic advances with a rating of 'A' and above with outstanding above INR500 million at 92% in 2QFY25 (2QFY24: 89%). However, the agency remains cautious with respect to BOB's significant exposure to the non-banking financial companies (NBFC) sector (13.85% of gross domestic advances) as any regulatory change with respect to a higher provisioning requirement for the exposure to the NBFC sector is also likely to impact the provisioning expectation for BOB. From a rating mix perspective, in 2QFY25, 98.4% of the NBFC portfolio was rated 'A' and above and 68.96% of the portfolio was rated 'AAA'.

Stability in Operational Metrics - Key Monitorable: Directionally, BOB's operating metrics have been improving since its amalgamation with Dena Bank and Vijaya Bank; however, there has been a fair amount of volatility on a quarterly basis, some of which can be attributed to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The profitability over the quarters has been volatile, primarily on account of BOB's provisioning requirements and movement in treasury income. The agency believes BOB's ability to further capitalise on its strategy to increase its retail exposure, improve its low-cost CASA franchise further, maintain a stable margin and strengthen its fee income generation, while increasing digital adoption, will be key to demonstrate a through-the-cycle stable performance.

Decline in Low-cost Liability Franchise at Higher End of Peer Group: The bank's current account and saving account (CASA) deposit ratio declined to 36.99% in 2QFY25 (FY24: 38.76%; FY23: 39.47%). The agency believes competitive intensity among banks will remain high in the near term as banks compete to accrete these low-cost deposits. BOB's domestic current account balances increased 14.9% yoy in 2QFY25 (FY24: 1.7%), with the savings account balances growing 5.7% yoy (6.2%), leading to 7.2% yoy growth in overall domestic deposits. However, with 21.2% yoy growth international deposits, its overall deposits growth stood at 9.1% yoy in 2QFY25 (FY24: 10.2%). Consequently, the cost of deposits increased 20bp yoy to 5.12% in 2QFY25 (FY24: 5.06%). The tightening of liquidity conditions and an uptick in the system credit offtake are likely to result in heightened competition between banks for garnering CASA deposits. Therefore, an improvement in BOB's CASA franchise will be a strong reflection of its sustainable low-cost liability franchise. The bulk deposits (INR30 million and above) accounted for 16.36% of BOB's term deposits in 2QFY25 (2QFY24: 17.42%), indicating its loan growth appetite where it is targeting to grow, at least in line with system credit growth, possibly higher.

Liquidity

Superior: At 1QFY25, BOB maintained an overall funding gap of 6.8% in the cumulative one-year bucket as a percentage of the total assets. As estimated by the agency previously, this gap, which was a result of the weak liquidity position of Vijaya Bank and Dena Bank with large asset funding gaps in the short-term buckets, has been declining progressively. Ind-Ra expects these gaps to minimise further over the next few quarters. BOB maintains 22.4% of its total assets in balances with the RBI and in government securities to meet its short-term funding requirements. BOB also had a comfortable average consolidated liquidity coverage ratio of 123.7 in 2QFY25 (FY24: 120.6%, FY23: 145.78%, FY22: 152.36%), significantly above the regulatory requirement of 100%.

Rating Sensitivities

Positive: Not applicable

Negative: BOB's Basel III Tier 2 bond ratings have been equated to its Long-Term Issuer Rating, which could change if, in Ind-Ra's opinion, there is a change in the GoI's support stance for PSBs or there is material drop in the banks' systemic importance, which could, among other things, reflect in a material decline in BOB's market share or loss of deposit franchise.

The notching of the AT1 bonds could be widened from its anchor ratings if Ind-Ra believes that there is a dilution in the government's support stance towards hybrid instruments of PSBs or any delay in the timeliness of extending this support. This could reflect among other things in capital buffers continuing to be close to the regulatory levels. Ind-Ra also expects that for banks with weaker unsupported profiles, the capital buffers would be higher; if not, it could reflect in wider notching from the Long-Term Issuer Rating. These capital buffers could be important as the banks' ability to service the instrument could be impaired in the event of the bank making losses and/or if the capital levels are lower than the regulatory minimum levels.

Any Other Information

RBI's Regulatory Ban Removed in May 2024: The RBI, in a <u>press release</u> during October 2023, citing material supervisory concerns regarding lapses in internal audit, has directed BOB to suspend onboarding of new customers through its mobile application, Bob World. Furthermore, as of 3QFY24, around 28% of the fixed deposit/recurring deposits were booked through Bob World, however, transactions through internet banking, tab banking and branch

banking would remain unaffected. After strict supervision of concerns, the RBI, on 8 May 2024, conveyed to BOB its decision to lift the abovementioned restrictions on Bob World with immediate effect. The bank is allowed to onboard customers through Bob World application in accordance with the applicable guidelines and extant laws/regulations.

ESG Issues

ESG Factors Minimally Relevant to Rating: Unless otherwise disclosed in this section, the ESG issues are credit neutral or have only a minimal credit impact on BOB, due to either their nature or the way in which they are being managed by the entity. For more information on Ind-Ra's ESG Relevance Disclosures, please click here. For answers to frequently asked questions regarding ESG Relevance Disclosures and their impact on ratings, please click here.

About the Company

BOB had a network of 8,243 branches within India, 91 overseas offices across 17 countries, 9,426 ATMs and 1,607 cash recyclers as of FY24. Of the advances book, 34.8% consisted of loans to the corporate segment, 19.7% to retail, 11.0% to micro, small and medium enterprises, 12.7% to agriculture and 4.2% were others in FY24. International advances constituted 17.6% of the gross advances in FY24.

Key Financial Indicators

Particulars	FY24	FY23
Total assets (INR billion)	15,858	14,585
Total equity (INR billion)	1,122	982
Net income/loss (INR billion)	177.9	141.1
Return on average assets (%)	1.17	1.03
Capital adequacy ratio (%)	16.31	16.24
Source: BOB, Ind-Ra	•	

Status of Non-Cooperation with previous rating agency

Not applicable

Rating History

Instrument Type	Curren	t Rating/C	Outlook				Hi	istorical Ra	ting/Outlo	ok		
	Rating Type	Rated Limits (billio	Rating	13 August 2024	29 Februa ry 2024	13 Decem	10 Novem ber	3 Novem ber	23 August 2023	24 August 2022	3 August 2022	3 Septem ber
		n)		2024	1 y 2024	2023	2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2021
Issuer rating	Long-	-	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND
	term		AAA/	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St
			Stable	able	able	able	able	able	able	able/IN	able/IN	able/IN
										D A1+	D A1+	D A1+
Short-term debt	Short-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WD	IND	IND	IND	IND
programme	term								A1+	A1+	A1+	A1+
Fixed deposit	Long-	-	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND
	term		AAA/	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	tAAA/S
			Stable	able	able	able	able	able	able	able	able	table
Basel III Tier 2	Long-	INR12	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND
instrument	term	0.43	AAA/	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St	AAA/St
			Stable	able	able	able	able	able	able	able	able	able
Basel III additional	Long-	INR11	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND
tier 1 bonds	term	0	AA+/S	AA+/St	AA+/St	AA+/St	AA+/St	AA+/St	AA+/St	AA+/St	AA+/St	AA+/St
			table	able	able	able	able	able	able	able	able	able

Infrastructure and	Long-	INR21	IND	-		
Affordable	term	0	AAA/	AAA/St		
Housing bonds			Stable	able		
Certificate of	Short-	INR60	IND	IND		
deposits	term	0	A1+	A1+		

Complexity Level of the Instruments

Instrument Type	Complexity Indicator		
Basel III AT1 bonds	High		
Basel III Tier 2 bonds	Medium		
Certificate of deposit	Low		
Fixed deposit	Low		
Infrastructure and affordable housing bonds	Low		

For details on the complexity level of the instruments, please visit https://www.indiaratings.co.in/complexity-indicators.

Annexure

Instrument Type	ISIN	Date of	Coupon	Maturity Date	Size of Issue	Rating/Outlook
Basel III Tier 2 instrument	INE028A08166	Issuance 11 September 2019	Rate (%) 7.75	11 September 2034	(billion) INR5.00	IND AAA/Stable
Basel III Tier 2 instruments	INE028A08190	3 January 2020	7.44	3 January 2030	INR9.20	IND AAA/Stable
Basel III Tier 2 instruments	INE028A08208	15 January 2020	7.84	15 January 2035	INR20.00	IND AAA/Stable
Basel III Tier 2 instruments	INE028A08315	21 December 2023	7.75	21 December 2033	INR25.00	IND AAA/Stable
Basel III Tier 2 instruments	INE028A08331	22 February 2024	7.57	22 February 2034	INR25.00	IND AAA/Stable
ר	Total unutilised				INR36.23	3
	Total				INR120.4	3
Additional Tier-1 Basel III bonds Series X	INE028A08174	28 November 2019	8.7	Perpetual	INR16.50	IND AA+/Stable
Additional Tier-1 Basel III bonds Series XI	INE028A08182	18 December 2019	8.99	Perpetual	INR17.47	IND AA+/Stable
Additional Tier-1 Basel III bonds Series XII	INE028A08216	17 July 2020	8.25	Perpetual	INR7.64	IND AA+/Stable
Additional Tier-1 Basel III bonds Series XIII	INE028A08224	28 July 2020	8.5	Perpetual	INR9.81	IND AA+/Stable
Additional Tier-1 Basel III bonds Series XIV	INE028A08232	17 November 2020	8.5	Perpetual	INR8.33	IND AA+/Stable
Additional Tier-1 Basel III bonds Series XV	INE028A08240	13 January 2021	8.15	Perpetual	INR9.69	IND AA+/Stable
Additional Tier-1 Basel III bonds Series XVI	INE028A08257	28 January 2021	8.15	Perpetual	INR1.88	IND AA+/Stable
Additional Tier-1 Basel III bonds Series XIX	INE028A08299	2 September 2022	7.88	Perpetual	INR24.74	IND AA+/Stable
	Total unutilised	I			INR13.94	
	Total				INR110.00	
Infrastructure and Affordable Housing Bonds	INE028A08281	17 August 2022	7.39	17 August 2029	INR10	IND AAA/Stable
Infrastructure and Affordable Housing Bonds	INE028A08307	1 December 2023	7.68	1 December 2033	INR50	IND AAA/Stable
Infrastructure and Affordable Housing Bonds	INE028A08323	25 January 2024	7.57	25 January 2034	INR50	IND AAA/Stable

Infrastructure and Affordable Housing	INE028A08349	27 August	7.30	27 August	INR50	IND AAA/Stable
Bonds		2024		2034		
Infrastructure and Affordable Housing	INE028A08356	9 September	7.26	9 September	INR50	IND AAA/Stable
Bonds		2024		2034		
	NIL					
	INR210.00					
Source: Bank of Baroda, NSDL						

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About India Ratings and Research: India Ratings and Research (Ind-Ra) is committed to providing India's credit markets accurate, timely and prospective credit opinions. Built on a foundation of independent thinking, rigorous analytics, and an open and balanced approach towards credit research, Ind-Ra has grown rapidly during the past decade, gaining significant market presence in India's fixed income market.

Ind-Ra currently maintains coverage of corporate issuers, financial institutions (including banks and insurance companies), finance and leasing companies, managed funds, urban local bodies and project finance companies.

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Solicitation Disclosures

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APPLICABLE CRITERIA AND POLICIES

Rating Bank Subordinated and Hybrid Securities

Rating FI Subsidiaries and Holding Companies

Evaluating Corporate Governance

Financial Institutions Rating Criteria

The Rating Process

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